Gratiot-Isabella Regional Education Service District

Financial Statements
With Supplemental Information
June 30, 2015



Gratiot-Isabella Regional Education Service District Table of Contents June 30, 2015

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education Gratiot-Isabella RESD

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Gratiot-Isabella RESD (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in the notes to the financial statements, during the year the District implemented GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27.* As a result of the implementation of this Statement, the financial statements have been changed to reflect the new presentation required by GASB Statement No. 68. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison and the prospective 10-year trend information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The other supplemental information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplemental information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Roshund, Prestage & Company, P.C.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 21, 2015, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sincerely,

Roslund, Prestage & Company, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

October 21, 2015

Management's Discussion and Analysis



Our discussion and analysis of the Gratiot-Isabella Regional Education Service District's financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2015. Please read this discussion and analysis in conjunction with the District's financial statement beginning on page 1.

I. Description of the Basic Financial Statements

District-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities on pages 1 and 2 provide information concerning the operation of the District as a whole. This reporting model takes into consideration the cost of capital assets of the district, as well as, reflects the District's operations on the accrual basis of accounting similar to that used in the private sector. Most notable is the fact that capital assets are not recorded as an expense at the time of purchase. Instead, under this model, capital assets are depreciated over their expected life. Accumulated depreciation is recorded as an offset to capital assets. This reporting model is intended to present a clearer picture of the cost of utilizing capital assets in the District's operations. This model generally has a long-term focus.

Fund Financial Statements

The Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance on pages 3 and 5 provide financial information for the individual governmental funds. The focus of this presentation is to present resources available at the beginning of the year, the receipt and use of resources during the year, and the balance of resources available at year-end to be used in future years. This model is referred to as modified accrual and is focused on available spendable resources. This model generally has a short-term focus.

Reconciliation

The statements on pages 4 and 6 reconcile the differences between the District-Wide Financial Statements and the Fund Financial Statements.

Trust and Agency Funds

The Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Fund present the resource held for the benefit of other individuals and/or entities. These amounts are not reflected in the Government-Wide Financial Statements because these resources are not intended to be used to finance the operations of the District.

II. Condensed Government-Wide Financial Information

The change in assets, liabilities, and net position from the previous year for the government-wide financial statements were significant.

Current assets decreased significantly because the cash and investments decreased by \$2,027,131. This decrease was due primarily to the vocational education fund. In fiscal year 2014/2015 the district levied a new vocational education millage but didn't pay out reimbursements for vocational education tuition, transportation, and startup costs for new programs until after the end of the fiscal year totaling \$2,050,727 causing an increase in cash balances. In 2015/2016, the district paid all but \$484,216 of the reimbursements by year end causing a decrease in cash balances of approximately \$1,500,000.

The increase in capital assets net of depreciation indicates that capital assets have been replaced at a faster rate than they are depreciating. This was expected since the District made renovations to buildings, purchased furniture/equipment, and acquired two building sites for a building trades program during the year. Capital assets purchased during the year totaled \$635,720 while current year depreciation was \$220,524. Capital assets with a book value of \$14,125 (net of depreciation) were retired/scrapped during the year.

Deferred outflows increased during the year by \$1,556,120 due to the implementation of GASB 68. Prior to GASB 68, retirement contributions were expensed when paid.

The current liabilities decreased significantly from the prior primarily due to the reduction in accounts payable for the vocational education fund. In 2013/2014 the reimbursement of vocational education tuition, transportation, and startup costs were not paid until after year end totaling \$2,050,727. In 2014/2015, the District reimbursed all but \$484,216 of those costs resulting in a reduction of accounts payable of approximately \$1,500,000.

The increase in noncurrent liabilities is comprised primarily of the net pension liability of \$22,134,885 that was recorded due to the implementation of GASB 68. Prior to the current year the net pension liability was not reflected in the financial statements of the District.

Deferred inflows increase during the year by \$1,630,225 due to the implementation of GASB 68. Prior to the implementation of GASB 68, this type of pension activity was not reflected in the financial statements.

The total net position for governmental activities decreased by 168.9% for the period or \$21,876,093. Of this reduction, \$22,367,420 was due to the implementation of GASB 68 to reflect the pension activity in the financial statements.

All information presented in Table 1 relates to governmental activities. The District does not have any business-type activities.

Table 1 Comparative Summary of Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position At June 30, 2015 and 2014

Current Assets \$ 12,583,481 \$ 14,836,635 \$ -2,253,154 Noncurrent Assets 3,856,916 3,455,844 401,072 Total Assets \$ 16,440,397 \$ 18,292,479 \$ -1,852,082 Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 1,556,120 \$ -0- \$ 1,556,120 Current Liabilities \$ 2,616,280 \$ 4,719,497 \$ -2,103,217 Noncurrent Liabilities \$ 22,688,386 635,263 22,053,123 Total Liabilities \$ 25,304,666 \$ 5,354,760 \$ 19,949,906 Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 1,630,225 \$ -0- \$ 1,630,225 Investment in Capital Assets (Net of Related Debt) \$ 3,285,391 \$ 2,799,624 \$ 485,767 Restricted 6,924,562 7,173,733 -249,171 Unrestricted -19,148,327 2,964,362 -22,112,689		<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	Difference
Total Assets \$ 16,440,397 \$ 18,292,479 \$ -1,852,082 Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 1,556,120 \$ -0- \$ 1,556,120 Current Liabilities \$ 2,616,280 \$ 4,719,497 \$ -2,103,217 Noncurrent Liabilities \$ 22,688,386 635,263 22,053,123 Total Liabilities \$ 25,304,666 \$ 5,354,760 \$ 19,949,906 Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 1,630,225 \$ -0- \$ 1,630,225 Investment in Capital Assets (Net of Related Debt) \$ 3,285,391 \$ 2,799,624 \$ 485,767 Restricted 6,924,562 7,173,733 -249,171	Current Assets	\$ 12,583,481	\$ 14,836,635	\$ -2,253,154
Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 1,556,120 \$ -0- \$ 1,556,120 Current Liabilities \$ 2,616,280 \$ 4,719,497 \$ -2,103,217 Noncurrent Liabilities 22,688,386 635,263 22,053,123 Total Liabilities \$ 25,304,666 \$ 5,354,760 \$ 19,949,906 Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 1,630,225 \$ -0- \$ 1,630,225 Investment in Capital Assets (Net of Related Debt) \$ 3,285,391 \$ 2,799,624 \$ 485,767 Restricted 6,924,562 7,173,733 -249,171	Noncurrent Assets	3,856,916	3,455,844	401,072
Current Liabilities \$ 2,616,280 \$ 4,719,497 \$ -2,103,217 Noncurrent Liabilities 22,688,386 635,263 22,053,123 Total Liabilities \$ 25,304,666 \$ 5,354,760 \$ 19,949,906 Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 1,630,225 \$ -0- \$ 1,630,225 Investment in Capital Assets (Net of Related Debt) \$ 3,285,391 \$ 2,799,624 \$ 485,767 Restricted 6,924,562 7,173,733 -249,171	Total Assets	\$ 16,440,397	\$ 18,292,479	\$ -1,852,082
Current Liabilities \$ 2,616,280 \$ 4,719,497 \$ -2,103,217 Noncurrent Liabilities 22,688,386 635,263 22,053,123 Total Liabilities \$ 25,304,666 \$ 5,354,760 \$ 19,949,906 Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 1,630,225 \$ -0- \$ 1,630,225 Investment in Capital Assets (Net of Related Debt) \$ 3,285,391 \$ 2,799,624 \$ 485,767 Restricted 6,924,562 7,173,733 -249,171				
Noncurrent Liabilities 22,688,386 635,263 22,053,123 Total Liabilities \$ 25,304,666 \$ 5,354,760 \$ 19,949,906 Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 1,630,225 \$ -0- \$ 1,630,225 Investment in Capital Assets (Net of Related Debt) \$ 3,285,391 \$ 2,799,624 \$ 485,767 Restricted 6,924,562 7,173,733 -249,171	Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 1,556,120	\$ -0-	\$ 1,556,120
Noncurrent Liabilities 22,688,386 635,263 22,053,123 Total Liabilities \$ 25,304,666 \$ 5,354,760 \$ 19,949,906 Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 1,630,225 \$ -0- \$ 1,630,225 Investment in Capital Assets (Net of Related Debt) \$ 3,285,391 \$ 2,799,624 \$ 485,767 Restricted 6,924,562 7,173,733 -249,171				
Total Liabilities \$ 25,304,666 \$ 5,354,760 \$ 19,949,906 Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 1,630,225 \$ -0- \$ 1,630,225 Investment in Capital Assets (Net of Related Debt) \$ 3,285,391 \$ 2,799,624 \$ 485,767 Restricted 6,924,562 7,173,733 -249,171	Current Liabilities	\$ 2,616,280	\$ 4,719,497	\$ -2,103,217
Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 1,630,225 \$ -0- \$ 1,630,225 Investment in Capital Assets (Net of Related Debt) \$ 3,285,391 \$ 2,799,624 \$ 485,767 Restricted 6,924,562 7,173,733 -249,171	Noncurrent Liabilities	22,688,386	635,263	22,053,123
Investment in Capital Assets (Net of Related Debt) \$ 3,285,391 \$ 2,799,624 \$ 485,767 Restricted 6,924,562 7,173,733 -249,171	Total Liabilities	\$ 25,304,666	\$ 5,354,760	\$ 19,949,906
Investment in Capital Assets (Net of Related Debt) \$ 3,285,391 \$ 2,799,624 \$ 485,767 Restricted 6,924,562 7,173,733 -249,171				
(Net of Related Debt) \$ 3,285,391 \$ 2,799,624 \$ 485,767 Restricted 6,924,562 7,173,733 -249,171	Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 1,630,225	\$ -0-	\$ 1,630,225
(Net of Related Debt) \$ 3,285,391 \$ 2,799,624 \$ 485,767 Restricted 6,924,562 7,173,733 -249,171				
Restricted 6,924,562 7,173,733 -249,171	Investment in Capital Assets			
	(Net of Related Debt)	\$ 3,285,391	\$ 2,799,624	\$ 485,767
Unrestricted -19,148,327 2,964,362 -22,112,689	Restricted	6,924,562	7,173,733	-249,171
	Unrestricted	-19,148,327	2,964,362	-22,112,689
Total Net Position \$ -8,938,374 \$ 12,937,719 \$-21,876,093	Total Net Position	\$ -8,938,374	\$ 12,937,719	\$-21,876,093

Total revenues reported on the Statement of Activities varied significantly from the previous year.

Charges for Services increased significantly for two reasons. First, the District has expanded business and technology services to more districts and has increased charges for some of those services resulting in increased service fees of \$147,001. Second, the District increased it billing for Medicaid Fee for Service by \$695,583.

Operating Grants and Contributions decreased by \$721,936 due to the reduction of IDEA funds to support special education programs in the current year. In fiscal year 2013/2014, the District utilized \$479,988 of carryover funds from the preceding year causing those revenues to spike for one year.

Property taxes decreased by \$616,002 due to a reduction in the taxable valuation of property within the District.

State Aid Not Restricted to Specific Purposes decreased by \$116,198 primarily due to a reduction in Section 56 revenue. Section 56 revenue is designed to equalize the property tax base per student for intermediate school districts for special education funding. As the property tax base increases for the District, the Section 56 revenue decreases.

Table 2 Comparative Summary of Program, General, and Total Revenues Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	Difference
Charges for Services	\$ 3,418,249	\$ 2,402,621	\$ 1,015,628
Operating Grants and			
Contributions	11,194,068	11,836,992	-642,924
Total Program Revenues	\$ 14,612,317	\$ 14,239,613	\$ 372,704
Property Taxes	\$13,600,166	\$13,976,363	\$ -376,197
State Aid Not Restricted to			
Specific Purposes	366,817	519,876	-153,059
Unrestricted Interest and			
Investment Earnings	11,644	3,272	8,372
Restricted Interest and			
Investment Earnings	415	342	73
Other	184,453	199,613	-15,160
Total General Revenues	\$14,163,495	\$14,699,466	\$ -535,971
Total Revenues	\$28,775,812	\$28,939,079	\$ -163,267

A number of the components of total expenses varied significantly from the previous year. Some of these components increased significantly while other decreased.

Instruction costs increased significantly mostly due to an expansion of some of the special education programs and increased retirement costs.

Support Services increased during the year due to additional staff hired in the maintenance department, business department, technology department and vocational education administration. Costs also increased significantly due to an increase in retirement, pupil transportation, and maintenance projects.

IV

Community Services costs decreased during the year primarily due to a reduction in the District's Workforce in Action programs of \$160,709.

Table 3
Comparative Summary of Program Expenses by Function and Total Expenses
Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	Difference
Instruction	\$6,651,334	\$6,182,944	\$468,390
Support Services	13,619,481	12,716,151	903,330
Community Services	1,566,470	1,825,915	-259,445
Other	6,226,676	6,367,493	140,817
Depreciation – Unallocated	220,524	218,052	2,472
Total Expenses	\$28,284,485	\$27,310,555	\$973,930

III. Analysis of the Overall Financial Position and Results of Operations for Governmental Activities

Governmental Activities

The net position and changes in net position are presented in table 4 below. Since the District does not have any business-type activities, this change is entirely comprised of governmental type activities.

Table 4
Comparative Summary of Net Position and Changes in Net Position
Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	Difference
Net Position–Beginning	\$12,937,719	\$11,309,195	
Amount of Restatement	-22,367,420	-0-	
Net Position–Beginning Restated	-9,429,701	11,309,195	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	491,327	1,628,524	\$-1,137,197
Net Position – Ending	\$-8,938,374	\$12,937,719	

The District operates under the philosophy that it should neither increase or decrease fund balance from one year to the next based on the Fund Financial Statements (modified accrual). To increase fund balance is an indication that taxpayer money is not being fully utilized for the education of the children. To decrease fund equity is not sustainable for

the long-term and would result in cuts to programs in the future. To operate at breakeven allows the full utilization of resources to finance education in a sustainable fashion.

The increase in Net Position is a function of the difference between the District-Wide Financial Statements and the Fund Financial Statements. The reconciliation between these two methods is presented on page 6. The main difference between the two models is the accounting for depreciation \$-220,524, the capitalization of fixed assets purchased during the year \$635,720, the payment of principal on long-term debt \$84,695, and the effects of GASB 68 of \$158,430. The depreciation of fixed assets is recorded as an expense on the District-Wide Financial Statements, the purchase of fixed assets is recorded as an expense on the Fund Financial Statements, and the payment of principal on long-term debt is recorded as an expenditure on the Fund Financial Statements.

Statement of Activities

The Statement of Activities on page 2 is significantly different from the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. This statement is organized by program listing the expenses in the first column, charges for services in the second column, grants/contributions in the third column, and net expense/revenue in the fourth column. This manner of presentation illustrates the expenses each program generates as well as the corresponding revenues. The net expense/revenue indicates the portion of that program that must be financed with general revenues of the district.

To help the user better understand this statement, the significant program revenues have been identified as follows:

Instruction State Special Education funding including Section 51,

Section 52, and Section 53. Federal special education grants including IDEA flow through, IDEA transition services, IDEA state initiated/competitive, IDEA preschool,

and IDEA grants for infants and families.

Support Services State Special Education funding including Section 51,

Section 52, and Section 53. Federal grant for State Administrative Matching Grants for Supplemental

Nutrition Assistance Program (SPLASH).

Community Services Federal grants including Trade Adjustment Assistance,

Workforce in Action (Adult and Dislocated worker), and

Wagner-Peyser.

All other revenues are considered General Revenues and are listed at the bottom of the Statement of Activities.

IV. Significant Transactions and Changes in Individual Funds

The overall financial position of the individual governmental funds of the District changed significantly from the previous year for the Cooperative Education Fund and the Capital Projects Fund.

The Cooperative Education Fund expended fund equity to cover a portion of the costs of some large maintenance projects. Fund had been set aside in prior years for this purpose.

The Capital Projects Fund had a significant increase in fund equity because funds that were set aside for future projects were not expended during the year.

A comparison of the change in fund balance to the revenues and other financing sources for each of the governmental funds is as follows:

			Percent Change in
			Fund Balance as a
	Revenues and	Net Change	Percent of Revenues
	Other Financing	in Fund Balance	and Other Financing
	<u>Sources</u>	From Prior Year	Sources
General	\$4,059,955	\$ 48,324	1.19%
Special Education	20,099,805	-218,774	-1.09%
Vocational Education	2,584,371	-57,046	-2.21%
Cooperative Education	2,314,289	-126,354	-5.46%
Funded Projects	1,410,539	-42	-0.00%
Capital Projects	300,415	215,720	71.81%
Debt Service	84,695	-0-	0.00%

General Fund

Expenditures recorded to the General Fund relate to services provided to other funds of the District, as well as, services provided to other school districts. The services provided to other school districts include curriculum/professional development, audiovisual, business services, technology services, and data processing. The services provided to other school districts are performed for a fee designed to reimburse a majority of those costs.

Special Education Fund

The function of the Special Education fund is to provide special education services for the District's special education students, as well as, the special education students of nine local school districts, two charter schools, and a number of private schools. These services include instruction, support services (i.e. – speech, social work, psychologist, OT/PT, and nursing), and pupil transportation. Since the revenues generated by the Special Education fund exceed the expenditures, a portion of the money generated from property taxes is paid to local and charter school districts based upon their student enrollment to provide additional funds for the operation of their special education programs. The amount paid from those excess funds is somewhat based upon Board Policy with requires the District to maintain a fund equity of 15% to 20% of annual expenditures.

Cooperative Education Fund

The Cooperative Education Fund is used to account for revenues/expenditures related to services provided primarily to other school districts. Some of these services are funded through grants, however, many of them are funded through a fee for the service. There is no intention to make a profit for providing these services but, rather, to simply recover the cost of operating the programs.

Funded Projects Fund

The Funded Projects Fund is used to account for grants received to train workers and help them find jobs. Expenditures are reimbursed from grants and, therefore, generally do not operate at a profit or loss.

Capital Projects

The District has set aside money to fund large construction projects such as roof replacement, HVAC replacement, parking lot repairs, and to make bond payments. Money will be contributed to this fund from other funds of the District as needed to provide sufficient funds for future projects.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund collects money from other funds of the District and receives interest earnings on bank deposits to finance the payment of interest and principal on bonds issued to renovate the Winding Brook Conference Center.

V. Changes to Budget and Comparison to Actual Results

It is required by State law to adopt the original budget before the beginning of the fiscal year. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 the original budget was adopted on June 30, 2014. The original budget is adopted before the enrollment is known, some grants are awarded, and some staff is hired. Many assumptions are therefore made in constructing the budget. Often there are a number of unforeseen events that occur throughout the year that impact the budget and/or cause budget variances. The significant variances for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 are as follows:

General Fund

Changes from Original Budget to Final Budget

- State Sources The budget was amended to reflect the increase in state funding for the unfunded retirement liability \$164,233.
- Other Financing Sources During the year, the District increased the amount technology services to other school districts which generated an additional \$161,506 in revenues.
- Operations and Maintenance The original budget was amended for an additional custodian and to increase the amounts budgeted for contracted services.
- Operating Transfers In The original budget was increased by \$46,920 to reflect the actual indirect costs for grants in the Cooperative Education and the Funded Projects funds.
- Operating Transfers Out The original budget was amended to reflect increased transfers out to the Special Education fund of \$300,000 and the Cooperative Education fund of \$61,125 to cover shortfalls in funding.

Variances between Final Budget and Actual Amounts

No individually significant variances.

Special Education Fund

Changes from Original Budget to Final Budget

Local Sources – The District decreased the budget for property taxes by \$376,512 to reflect the actual amount of taxes levied which wasn't known when the original budget was created. The District increased the amount budgeted for Medicaid revenues by \$577,369

- State Sources The budget was amended to reflect a reduction of the special education costs reimbursed for the prior year of \$157,132 and to reduce the Section 56 funding for the current year by 116,198.
- Federal Sources The budget was amended to reflect a reduced utilization of federal funds to pay for special education costs of \$95,861.
- Added Needs The budget was amended to account for additional staff hired for an expansion of the special education programs.
- Business The budget was amended to eliminate a contingency of \$165,000 that was made for the cost of an expansion of some special education programs under Added Needs once those programs were actually added to the budget.
- Operating Transfers In When it was determined that the Special Education fund was going to operate at a deficit for the year, the budget was amended to reflect an additional contribution from the General Fund of \$300,000 to help balance the budget.

Variances between Final Budget and Actual Amounts

- Local Sources The District received more revenues than budgeted including Medicaid funds of \$139,969 and property taxes of \$38,207.
- Federal Sources The District did utilized \$368,112 less in federal Flowthrough (IDEA) funds that expected.
- Pupil The District underspent the budget for iterant staff for the year mostly due to the large turnover of staff and the extended period of time that it took to replace these staff.

Vocational Education Fund

Changes from Original Budget to Final Budget

- Local Sources The District decreased the budget for property taxes by \$69,249 to reflect the actual amount of taxes levied which wasn't known when the original budget was created.
- Other Startup expenses were budgeted in the prior year for some new Career and Technical Education programs that weren't expended until the current year. Therefore the budget was amended to carryover the unexpended funds of \$396,664.
- Site Acquisition The budget was amended to reflect the unexpected purchase of two lots for the building trades program for \$58,000.

Variances between Final Budget and Actual Amounts

Other – The district reimburses other school districts for the operation of the Career and Technical Education programs. It is difficult to budget these amounts accurately since they are operated by other districts. Actual expenditures were \$320,180 less than anticipated.

Cooperative Education Fund

Changes from Original Budget to Final Budget

- Federal Sources The district included in the original budget an amount of \$223,540 for a Commodities grant which it was not awarded.
- Operations and Maintenance The budget was increased by \$375,000 during the year to pay for some major technology purchases and building renovations.
- Other The district included in the original budget an amount of \$223,540 for a Commodities grant which it was not awarded.
- Operating Transfers In The budget for transfers from the general fund was increased by \$57,500 to cover losses in some programs. Also, the budget was increased by \$50,000 to record an additional transfer in of Medicaid revenues.

Variances between Final Budget and Actual Amounts

- Local Sources Medicaid revenues were \$200,000 more than the amount budgeted.
- Operating Transfers In The District transferred \$100,000 less funds into Cooperative Education fund because of the unexpected increase in Medicaid Revenues.

Funded Projects

Changes from Original Budget to Final Budget

- Federal Sources The district received some grant increases for training workers and helping them find jobs.
- Community Services The district received some grant increases for training workers and helping them find jobs.

Variances between Final Budget and Actual Amounts

Federal Sources – Grants received for training workers and helping them find jobs were not fully expended by year end.

Community Services – Grants received for training workers and helping them find jobs were not fully expended by year end.

VI. Capital Assets and Long-Term Debt Activity during the Year

Capital Assets

A summary of the changes in the District's capital assets is presented on page 16. The significant additions and disposals are described as follows:

- Land The District purchased two lots to be used in the building trades program to construct two houses in the future.
- Buildings and Additions The Mahoney building had renovations including two restrooms, new exterior doors, and the replacement of the west parking lot. Disposals include improvements made to the old parking lot that was replaced.
- Equipment Purchased a new vehicle and three new copy machines. Disposals include old equipment that was taken out of service and disposed.
- Furniture An operable wall was purchased for the Mahoney building.
- Technology Equipment Additional phones were purchased for the Westgate building. Disposals include old laptops, servers, and switches that have been taken out of service and disposed
- Construction in Process Improvements made to the Mahoney building including the HVAC, roof, and east parking lot. Disposals include improvements made to the west parking lot at the Mahoney building that were completed during the year.

Long-Term Debt

A summary of the changes in long-term debt is presented on page 17. Detailed notes for these long-term debts are also on page 17.

VII. Known Facts, Decisions, or Conditions Having Significant Affect on Future Operations.

In the current year, the District had \$28,802,734 in revenues of which \$13,600,166 or 47% was from property taxes. Approximately 10% of the property tax revenue is derived from wind turbines located within the District. The taxable valuation of these turbines declines very quickly in the first 10 years due to depreciation. This decline in value has generally offset other increases in the property values keeping tax revenues flat in recent years. We expect this trend to continue until the wind turbines are fully depreciated in 2023.

The District has expended a great deal of effort in the last couple years to make sure all Medicaid claims are properly billed. This has caused an increase in Medicaid revenues in the past two years which is expected to continue for at least one more year.

The District along with other schools throughout Michigan are faced with significant budget challenges as the State of Michigan continues to struggle to determine an effective method to provide adequate funding for public education. Districts must continue to provide quality educational services to their students while effectively managing their resources within the ever changing financial landscape for Michigan Schools.

District-Wide Financial Statements



Gratiot-Isabella Regional Education Service District Statement of Net Position - Governmental Activities June 30, 2015

Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and investments	\$ 10,311,6	92
Accounts receivable, net	1,7	
Prepaid expenses	38,7	
Due from other governmental units	2,231,3	
Total current assets	12,583,4	
Total Gallotti accord	.2,000,1	<u> </u>
Noncurrent assets		
Land	139,9	55
Capital assets, less accumulated depreciation	3,716,9	61
Total noncurrent assets	3,856,9	16
Total assets	16,440,3	97
Deferred outflows of resources		
Retirement contributions	1,556,1	20
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	575,5	27
Salaries payable	821,3	
Unearned revenues	617,6	
Accrued expenses	505,2	
Current portion of compensated absences	11,7	
Current portion of long-term obligations	84,6	
Total current liabilities	2,616,2	
Total current habilities	2,010,2	.00
Non-current liabilities		
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations	486,8	30
Noncurrent portion of compensated absences	66,6	71
Net pension liability	22,134,8	85
Total non-current liabilities	22,688,3	86
Total liabilities	25,304,6	
Deferred inflows of resources	4 620 2	25
Retirement plan activity, net of amortization	1,630,2	25
Net position		
Net Investment in capital assets	3,285,3	91
Restricted for:	, ,	
Special Education	4,041,6	60
Vocational Education	438,3	
Cooperative Education	1,695,3	
Funded Projects	6,1	
Capital Projects	742,9	
Debt service	·	94
Unrestricted	(19,148,3	
Total net position	\$ (8,938,3	
. 3.5	ψ (0,000,0	,

Gratiot-Isabella Regional Education Service District Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Functions / Programs		Expenses	 Program Charges for Services	Оре	nues erating Grants I Contributions	 N a	overnmental Activities et Revenues (Expense) nd Changes Net Position
Governmental activities: Instruction Support services Community service Other Depreciation - unallocated	\$	6,651,334 13,619,481 1,566,470 6,226,676 220,524	\$ 3,418,249 - - -	\$	4,750,159 5,020,112 1,423,797 -	\$	(1,901,175) (5,181,120) (142,673) (6,226,676) (220,524)
Total school district	\$	28,284,485	\$ 3,418,249	\$	11,194,068		(13,672,168)
General revenues: Property taxes State aid not restricted to specific purports Unrestricted interest and investment earn Other	arning	s					13,600,166 366,817 11,644 415 184,453
Total general revenues							14,163,495
Change in net position							491,327
Net position - beginning as restated for	net p	ension liability					(9,429,701)
Net position - ending						\$	(8,938,374)

Fund Financial Statements



Gratiot-Isabella Regional Education Service District Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

						M	lajor Funds							Total	
			Special	\	Vocational		Cooperative		Funded	Capital		Debt		Governmental	
		General	Education		Education		Education		Projects		Projects		Service	Funds	
Assets															
Cash and investments	\$	1,999,734	\$ 4,399,966	\$	916,926	\$	1,618,267	\$	62,198	\$	1,314,507	\$	94	\$ 10,311,692	
Accounts receivable, net		-	-		-		1,756		-		-		-	1,756	
Prepaid expenses		16,000	22,700		-		-		-		-		-	38,700	
Due from other funds		295,895	-		266		-		-		-		-	296,161	
Due from other governmental units		302,024	 1,600,882		7,386		171,449		149,592		-			2,231,333	
Total assets	\$	2,613,653	\$ 6,023,548	\$	924,578	\$	1,791,472	\$	211,790	\$	1,314,507	\$	94	\$ 12,879,642	
Liabilities															
Accounts payable	\$	16,259	\$ 57,515	\$	484,216	\$	15,499	\$	2,038	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 575,527	
Salaries payable	•	8,012	794,847	-	, -		2,553		15,911		-	•	-	821,323	
Due to other funds		-	110,441		-		3,541		182,179		-		-	296,161	
Unearned Revenues		15,765	531,108		-		70,817		· -		-		-	617,690	
Accrued expenses		28,743	 465,277		2,030		3,687		5,543		-			505,280	
Total liabilities		68,779	1,959,188		486,246		96,097		205,671					2,815,981	
Fund balance															
Non Spendable		16,000	22,700		_		-		_		-		-	38,700	
Restricted		´ <u>-</u>	4,041,660		438,332		1,695,375		6,119		742,982		94	6,924,562	
Committed:			, ,		,		, ,		,		,			, ,	
Future Bond Payments		_	_		_		-		_		571,525		-	571,525	
Undesignated		2,528,874	 											2,528,874	
Total fund balance		2,544,874	 4,064,360		438,332		1,695,375		6,119		1,314,507		94	10,063,661	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	2,613,653	\$ 6,023,548	\$	924,578	\$	1,791,472	\$	211,790	\$	1,314,507	\$	94	\$ 12,879,642	

Gratiot-Isabella Regional Education Service District Reconciliation of Fund Balances on the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds to the Net Position of Governmental Activities on the Statement of Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Total fund balance - governmental funds

10,063,661

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Add: Cost of capital assets 5,989,650

Deduct: Accumulated depreciation (2,132,734)

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those liabilities consist of:

Compensated absences

Deduct:Compensated absences payable(78,436)Add:Deferred outflow - retirement contributions1,556,120Deduct:Net pension liability(22,134,885)Deduct:Deferred inflow - pension plan activity (net of amortization)(1,630,225)

Long-term obligations

Deduct: 2009 improvement bonds _____(571,525)

Net position of governmental activities \$\((8,938,374) \)

Gratiot-Isabella Regional Education Service District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

							M	ajor Funds							
				Special		Vocational	С	ooperative		Funded		Capital		Debt	
		General		Education		Education		Education		Projects		Projects		Service	 Total
Revenues	_		_		_		_		_		_		_		
Local sources	\$	1,008,671	\$	11,433,812	\$	2,569,621	\$	1,034,037	\$	26	\$	415	\$	-	\$ 16,046,582
Non-edu. entity or political subdivision		<u>-</u>		- -				8,784		-		-		-	8,784
State sources		1,484,667		4,627,226		14,750		321,566		-		-		-	6,448,209
Federal sources		5,687		3,282,270		-		349,171		1,410,513		-		-	5,047,641
Other sources		697,743		318,497				208,356							 1,224,596
Total revenues		3,196,768		19,661,805		2,584,371		1,921,914		1,410,539		415			 28,775,812
Expenditures															
Instruction															
Added needs		-		6,694,019		-		-		-		-		-	6,694,019
Total instruction		-		6,694,019		-		-		-		-		-	6,694,019
Support services															
Pupil		86,348		5,033,742		-		340,595		-		-		-	5,460,685
Instructional staff		586,652		8,690		183,252		231,447		-		-		-	1,010,041
General administration		424,336		304,685		4,006		-		-		-		-	733,027
School administration		-		713,211		-		-		-		-		-	713,211
Business		975,321		198,398		4,442		6,600		63		-		-	1,184,824
Operation and maintenance		291,965		233,933		_		863,424		-		-		-	1,389,322
Pupil transportation		-		2,604,624		_		-		-		-		-	2,604,624
Central		766,634		125,632		-		289,277		367		-		-	1,181,910
Total support services		3,131,256		9,222,915		191,700		1,731,343		430		-		-	14,277,644
Community services		-		-		-		201,245		1,371,705		-		-	1,572,950
Debt service		-		-		-		-		-		-		84,695	84,695
Other		-		3,600,121		2,391,717		234,838		-		-		-	6,226,676
Site acquisition		-		-		58,000		-		-		-		-	58,000
Total expenditures		3,131,256		19,517,055		2,641,417		2,167,426		1,372,135		-		84,695	28,913,984
Revenues over (under) expenditures		65,512		144,750		(57,046)		(245,512)		38,404		415		(84,695)	(138,172)
Other financing sources (uses)															
Operating transfers in		863,187		438,000		-		392,375		-		300,000		84,695	2,078,257
Operating transfers (out)		(880,375)		(801,524)		_		(273,217)		(38,446)		(84,695)			(2,078,257)
Net change in fund balance		48,324		(218,774)		(57,046)		(126,354)		(42)		215,720		-	(138,172)
Fund balance - beginning	<u> </u>	2,496,550		4,283,134		495,378		1,821,729		6,161		1,098,787		94	 10,201,833
Fund balance - ending	\$	2,544,874	\$	4,064,360	\$	438,332	\$	1,695,375	\$	6,119	\$	1,314,507	\$	94	\$ 10,063,661

Gratiot-Isabella Regional Education Service District Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Net change in	fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (138,172)
Amounts re	ported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
	tal funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the e assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlay Disposal of fixed assets net of accumulated depreciation Depreciation expense	635,720 (14,124) (220,524)
•	nses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial nd therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds. Decrease in accrual for compensated absences Change in deferred outflow - retirement contributions Decrease in net pension liability Change in deferred inflow - pension plan activity (net of amort.)	(14,698) 390,717 1,397,938 (1,630,225)
•	principal on long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the f activities (where it reduces long-term debt). Principal payment on 2009 improvement bonds	84,695
Change in net	position of governmental activities	\$ 491,327

Gratiot-Isabella Regional Education Service District Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Fund June 30, 2015

Assets Cash	\$ 34,100
Total assets	 34,100
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to student activities	 - 34,100
Total Liabilities	34,100
Net Position	\$ -

Notes to the Financial Statements



Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Gratiot-Isabella Regional Education Service District (the District) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the District.

Reporting Entity

The District is governed by a Board of Education which has responsibility and control over all activities related to public school education within the District. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with all of the requirements of these funding source entities. Board members are elected by the public and have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and the primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity. These criteria include significant operational financial relationships that determine which of the governmental organizations are a part of the District's reporting entity, and which organizations are legally separate, component units of the District. Based on the application of the criteria, the District does not contain any component units.

District-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The District-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. All of the District-wide activities are considered governmental activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include charges to consumers who purchase, use or directly benefit from services provided by a given function. Program revenues also include grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Other items, including taxes and intergovernmental payments, not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Net position are restricted when constraints placed on them are either externally imposed or are imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Internally imposed designations of resources are not presented as restricted net position. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the District-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

<u>District-wide Financial Statements</u> - The District-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants, categorical aid, and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year end. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and severance pay, are recorded only when payment is due.

The fiduciary fund statement is also reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The general fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The debt service fund is used to record tax, interest, other revenue for payment, principal and other expenditures on bond issues.
- The capital projects fund accounts for financial resources used for the acquisition, construction, and improvement of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds. These resources are derived from contributions from the general fund.
- The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The District has three special revenue funds; Cooperative Education Fund, Funded Projects Fund, Vocational Education Fund, and Special Education Fund.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent. Fiduciary fund net position and results of operations are not included in the District-wide statements. Fiduciary funds are custodial in nature (i.e. assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

The fiduciary fund is accounted for using the cash basis of accounting, which does not have an effect materially different from reporting them on the accrual basis. This fund is used to account for assets that the governmental unit holds for others in an agency capacity. The District has one fiduciary fund.

Budgetary Data

Budgets are adopted by the District for the general and special revenue funds. The budgets are adopted and prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The budget is adopted at the function level and control is exercised at the activity level. The budgeted revenues and expenditures for governmental fund types, as presented in this report, include any authorized amendments to the original budget as adopted.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, money market funds, demand deposits and certificates of deposit.

Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 129.91, authorizes the District to deposit and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations; bonds, securities and other direct obligations of the United States, or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; United States government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptance of United States banks; commercial paper rated by two standard rating agencies within the two highest classifications, which mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions which are rated investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan. Financial institutions eligible for deposit of public funds must maintain an office in Michigan. The District's deposits are in accordance with statutory authority.

Receivables

Accounts receivable in all funds report amounts that have arisen in the ordinary course of business and are stated net of allowances for uncollectible amounts.

Due from other governmental entities consist primarily of amounts due from the State of Michigan

Property Tax Revenue

Property taxes levied by the District are collected by various municipalities and periodically remitted to the District. The taxes are levied and become a lien as of July 1 and December 1 and are due upon receipt of the billing by the taxpayer and become a lien on the first day of the levy year. The actual due dates are September 14 and February 14, after which time the bills become delinquent and interest and penalties may be assessed by the collecting entity.

The taxable value for the District amounted to \$2,571,868,571 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015. The District levied 0.2640 mills for general operations, 4.0345 mills for special education services, and 1.0000 mills for vocational education. The taxpayers approved a 10 year millage for vocational education which began in the 2013/2014 fiscal year and ends with the 2022/2023fiscal year.

	<u>2015</u>
General Operations Tax Levy	\$ 679,832
Special Education Tax Levy	10,389,320
Vocational Education Tax Levy	2,575,120

State Aid Revenue

The State of Michigan utilizes a foundation grant approach which provides for a specific annual amount of revenue per pupil based on a statewide formula. The foundation is funded from state and local sources. Revenues from state sources are primarily governed by the School Aid Act and the School Code of Michigan. The Michigan Department of Education administers the allocation of state funds to school Districts based on information supplied by the Districts. The foundation allowance was based on pupil membership counts taken in September and February of the fiscal year.

The District also receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical education programs. State rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be used for its specific purpose. Certain categorical funds require an accounting to the state of the expenditures incurred. For categorical funds meeting this requirement, funds received, which are not expended by the close of the fiscal year are recorded as unearned revenue. Other categorical funding is recognized when the appropriation is received.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the governmental column in the District-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as individual assets with an initial cost equal to or more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

The District does not have infrastructure-type assets.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during construction of capital assets is not capitalized.

Capital assets utilized in the governmental funds are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements. Depreciation expense is recorded in the District-wide financial statements.

Capital assets of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Land	Not Depreciated
Buildings and Improvements	5 - 50
Equipment	5 – 25
MMNet System	20
Technology Equipment	5 – 7
Vehicles	7

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Compensated Absences

Vacation days are accumulated at variable rates for administrative employees and other full time employees. The District's policy allows employees to accumulate vacation days earned and carry the accumulation for an indefinite period of time into the future. Amounts accumulated are to be paid to the employee and recognized as an expense when vacation days are actually taken. The vacation pay liability at June 30, 2015 was \$78,436. The vacation pay liability is reflected in the District-wide financial statements.

Sick days are accumulated at variable rates for all employees, depending on position and time of service. Amounts accumulated are paid to the employee and recognized as an expense when sick time is actually taken. Upon termination of employment all sick days are forfeited. Since accumulated sick leave does not vest with the employee, no amount is recognized as a liability in these financial statements.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them. In subsequent periods, when the revenue recognition criterion is met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the fund financial statements and District-wide financial statements, and revenue is recognized.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category which relates to the retirement contributions paid to MPSERS after MPSERS' year-end of September 30th.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents a acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category which relates to the changes in MPSERS plan activity, net of amortization.

Long-Term Obligations

In the District-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position.

Net Position and Fund Balances

Restricted net position shown in the District-wide financial statements will generally be different from amounts reported as fund balances in the governmental funds financial statements. This occurs because of differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the District-wide and fund financial statements and because of the use of funds to imply that restrictions exist.

Fund Balances

Beginning with fiscal year 2011, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- Nonspendable fund balance—amounts that are in nonspendable form (such as inventory or prepaid expenditures) or are either legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance—amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as taxpayers, grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation. The District's Capital Projects and Debt Service fund balances are considered restricted.

The District would typically use restricted fund balance first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these classified funds.

- Committed fund balance—amounts constrained to specific purposes by the District itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (Board of Education). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.
- Assigned fund balance—amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed
 by the Board of Education or by an official or body to which the Board of Education delegates the authority.
- Unassigned fund balance—amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

Net Position – Restrictions

Net position in the District-wide financial statements are reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position use is either:

- Externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or
- Imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unemployment Compensation

The District is subject to the Michigan Employment Security Act and has elected to pay unemployment claims on a direct self-insured basis. Under this method the District must reimburse the Employment Commission for all benefits charged against the District for the year.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

Budgets are adopted at the functional level and on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general and special revenue funds. Encumbrance accounting is not employed in governmental funds.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- The Superintendent submits to the School Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The level of control for the budgets is at the functional level as set forth and presented as required supplementary information.
- Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to July 1, the budget is legally adopted by School Board resolution pursuant to the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act (1968 PA 2). The Act requires that the budget be amended prior to the end of the fiscal year when necessary to adjust appropriations if it appears that revenues and other financing sources will be less than anticipated or so that expenditures will not be in excess of original estimates. Expenditures shall not be made or incurred, unless authorized in the budget, in excess of the amount appropriated. Violations, if any, in the general fund are noted in the required supplementary information section.
- Management is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between major expenditure functions within any fund; however, these transfers and any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the School Board.

- Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general and special revenue funds.
- The budget was amended during the year with supplemental appropriations, the last one approved prior to June 30th. The District does not consider these amendments to be significant.

During the current year the District incurred expenditures in excess of the amounts budgeted as indicated in the budget comparison report as unfavorable variances.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

At June 30th, the carrying amount of the District's cash, deposits and investments were as follows:

Cash, Deposits and Investments	<u>2015</u>
Petty Cash	\$600
Checking, Savings & Money Market Accounts	4,533,360
State Investment Pool – MILAF	5,777,732
Total	\$10,311,692

Deposits with Financial Institutions

At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$4,533,360 and the bank balance was \$2,927,670. Of the bank balance, \$383,805 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was uninsured and uncollateralized. Deposits that exceed FDIC insurance coverage limits are held at local banks.

The District believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all bank deposits. As a result, the District evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution. Only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

The District voluntarily invests certain excess funds in external pooled investment funds which includes money market funds. One of the pooled investment funds utilized by the District is the Michigan Investment Liquid Asset Fund (MILAF). MILAF is an external pooled investment fund of "qualified" investments for Michigan school Districts. MILAF is not regulated nor is it registered with the SEC. As of June 30, 2015, MILAF reports the fair value of the District's investments is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Investments

As of June 30, 2015, the District had the following investments:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (years)	Standard & Poor's Rating	%
MILAF External Investment pool-MICMS	\$ 6,948,897	0.1269	AAAm	86.0%
MILAF External Investment pool-MIMAX	1,128,960	0.1269	AAAm	14.0%
Total fair value	\$ 8,077,858			100.0%
Portfolio weighted average maturity				
1 day maturity equals 0.0027, one year equals 1.00				

At year end, the carrying amounts of the investments were \$5,777,732 and the balance per the MILAF was \$8,077,858. The difference was due to several outstanding transfers made to District bank accounts at year end.

<u>Interest rate risk</u> - In accordance with its investment policy, the District will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by; structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; and, investing operating funds primarily in shorter-

term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the District's cash requirements.

<u>Credit risk</u> - State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to a prime or better rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs).

<u>Concentration of credit risk</u> - The District will minimize concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

<u>Custodial credit risk – deposits</u> - In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. See above for amount of deposits held by the District that are exposed to custodial credit risk because it is uninsured and uncollateralized.

<u>Custodial credit risk – investments</u> - For an investment, it is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District will minimize custodial credit risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by; limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by law; and prequalifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries and advisors with which the District will do business.

<u>Foreign currency risk</u> - The District is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

Note 4 - Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable as of June 30th of each year is made up of various amounts due to Gratiot-Isabella Regional Educational Service District but not received until after year-end.

Note 5 - Due from Other Governmental Units

Due from other governmental units as of June 30th, consist of the following:

<u>Due From</u>	<u>2015</u>
General Fund	
State of Michigan – State Aid	\$ 129,967
State of Michigan – Retirement	133,240
State of Michigan – Renaissance Zone	218
Other Schools – Technology Services	5,803
Other ISD – Truant Officer	19,149
Other ISD – Pupil Audit Services	3,401
Other ISD – Data Service Collaboration	9,000
County – Delinquent Property Taxes	1,246
Total General Fund	\$ 302,024
Special Education Fund	
State of Michigan – Flow through	\$ 681,377
State of Michigan – State Aid	836,145
State of Michigan – Preschool	33,921
State of Michigan - Transition	5,782
State of Michigan - EOSD	4,818
State of Michigan – Early On	13,578
Other Schools	6,214
County – Delinquent Property Taxes	19,047
Total Special Education Fund	\$ 1,600,882

Vocational Education Fund State of Michigan – Vocational Ed. Administration County – Delinquent Property Taxes Total Vocational Education Fund	\$ 2,683 4,703 \$ 7,386
Cooperative Education Fund MI Primary Care Association	\$ 26,250
MI Fitness Foundation	91,684
State of Michigan – Early Childhood Block Grant	36,377
State of Michigan – First Robotics	819
State of Michigan – Title II A	528
Central Area MI Works	7,542
Other	8,249
Total Cooperative Education Fund	\$ 171,449
Funded Projects Fund	
EightCap – Adult	\$ 60,589
EightCap – Dislocated Worker	37,662
EightCap – Wagner Peyser	32,830
EightCap – NAFTA (Trade)	2,332
EightCap – TAAEA	9,463
EightCap – Negotiated OJT	6,716
Total Funded Projects Fund	\$ 149,592
Total	\$ 2,231,333

Note 6 - Receivables and Payables

In the fund financial statements the amounts of interfund receivables and payables as of June 30th are as follows:

Due to Fund	<u>Amount</u>	Due From Fund	<u>Amount</u>
General	\$ 295,895	Special Education	\$ 110,441
Vocational Education	266	Cooperative Education Funded Projects	3,541 182,179
Total	\$ 296,161	Total	\$ 296,161

Note 7 - Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses as of June 30th represent expenditures paid prior to year-end that are allocable to future periods for the following:

<u>Prepaid Expenses</u>	<u> 2015</u>
Prefunded Dental/Vision Claims	\$ 16,000
Prefunded Substitute Teacher Costs	22,700
Total	\$ 38,700

A summary of changes in the District's capital assets follows:

Capital Assets	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Ending Balance
Land	\$ 81,955	\$ 58,000	\$ -	\$ 139,955
Buildings and Improvements	4,715,432	386,916	(6,694)	5,095,654
Equipment	170,823	56,694	(25,794)	201,723
Furniture	51,966	11,565	-	63,531
MMNet System	74,620	-	-	74,620
Technology Equipment	385,434	11,989	(93,812)	303,611
Construction in Process	14,125	110,556	(14,125)	110,556
Total Capital Assets	5,494,355	635,720	(140,425)	5,989,650
Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings and Improvements	(1,619,261)	(156,666)	6,694	(1,769,233)
Equipment	(121,881)	(17,587)	25,794	(113,674)
Furniture	(13,957)	(5,505)	-	(19,462)
MMNet System	(59,696)	(3,731)	-	(63,427)
Technology Equipment	(223,716)	(37,035)	93,813	(166,938)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(2,038,511)	(220,524)	126,301	(2,132,734)
Net Capital Assets	\$ 3,455,844	\$ 415,196	\$(14,124)	\$ 3,856,916

Depreciation for the year ended June 30th totaled \$220,524. The District determined that it was impractical to allocate depreciation to the various governmental activities as the assets serve multiple functions.

Note 9 - Salaries Payable

Salaries payable represent the remaining balance on teacher contracts to be paid during the summer and other wages earned but not paid as of June 30th.

Note 10 - Accrued Expenses

Accrued expenses as of June 30th are as follows:

Accrued Expense	<u>2015</u>
Retirement	\$ 343,192
FICA	62,831
Fringes	99,045
Unemployment	212
Total	\$ 505,280

Note 11 - Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue represents cash received in advance of the period in which it was earned. Revenues in excess of expenditures on special purpose grants are recorded as unearned revenues until spent or refunded to the grantor.

Each year the District receives Medicaid revenues throughout the year which are based on estimates. In the

following fiscal year, there is a settlement with the State of Michigan based on actual claims submitted. The District has made a provision of \$285,000 for this settlement based upon past experience.

There is a tax tribunal case related to wind turbines in which the owners of the wind turbines believe that the assessed value of the wind turbines should decline at a faster rate than the property valuation multipliers yield. This case has been ongoing for several years. The District has made a provision of \$261,873 which is management's best estimate for the possible settlement of this claim.

A breakdown of unearned revenues at June 30th are as follows:

<u>Unearned Revenue</u>	<u>2015</u>
32p Block Grant	\$ 67,756
Michigan Primary Care Association Grant	2,567
State of Michigan – Medicaid	285,000
Property Taxes – Tax Tribunal	261,873
Parent Coalition Backpack Grant	494
Total	\$ 617,690

Note 12 - Long-term Debt

2009 School Improvement Bonds

On October 1, 2009, the District issued bonds totaling \$995,000 for the purpose of renovating the Winding Brook Conference Center. The bonds were issued under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act – Qualified School Construction Bonds (ARRA-QSCB) program and bear a bond interest rate of 0%. The bonds mature on October 1, 2019. Rather than pay a lump sum payment of \$995,000 when the bonds mature, the District has entered an agreement with the purchaser of the bonds where the District will make ten annual set-aside payments of \$84,695.19 which will be invested in a set-aside account earning 3.5% interest. These ten set-aside payments along with the projected interest earnings of \$148,048.07 will be used to retire the debt when it matures.

Changes in general long-term debt during the year ended June 30, 2015 are as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	Less: Current Portion	Total due after one year
Comp. Absences	\$ 63,738	\$ 14,698	\$ -	\$ 78,436	\$ -	\$ 78,436
2009 Improvement Bonds	656,220	-	84,695	571,525	84,695	486,830
Total	\$ 719,958	\$ 14,698	\$ 84,695	\$ 649,961	\$ 84,695	\$ 565,266

The annual requirements to pay principal and interest on the outstanding obligations on June 30, 2015 are shown in the *Schedule of Long-Term Debt* at the back of this report.

Note 13 - Transfers between funds

During the year the following transfers were made between funds:

	<u>2015</u>
The general fund made the following transfers to -	
Special education to reimburse FICA and fund shortfall in funding	\$ 438,000
Cooperative education fund to fund shortfall in several programs	142,375
Capital projects for facility improvements	300,000
The cooperative education fund made the following transfers to -	
General fund for indirect costs	23,217
Cooperative education fund to transfer money to other programs	250,000

The funded projects fund made the following transfers to -

General fund for indirect costs	65,368	
The special education fund made the following transfers to - General fund for indirect costs	801,524	
The capital projects fund made the following transfers to - Debt fund to make payment on bond issue.	84,695	
Total	\$ 2,105,179	

Note 14 - Employee Retirement System

Organization .

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members - eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member.

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act. There are 685 participating employers. A list of employers is provided in the Statistical Section. The System is a qualified pension trust fund under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. By statute, employees of K-12 public school districts, public school academies, district libraries, tax-supported community colleges and seven universities may be members.

The System's financial statements are included as a pension and other employee benefit trust fund in the State of Michigan Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

Membership

At September 30, 2014, the System's membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits: Regular benefits Survivor benefits Disability benefits Total	181,489 16,855 6,168 204,512
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits:	16,979
Active plan members: Vested Non-vested Total	108,934 101,843 210,777
Total plan members	432,268

Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Retirement benefits for DB plan members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service

requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

A DB member or Pension Plus plan member who leaves Michigan public school employment may request a refund of his or her member contributions to the retirement system account. A refund cancels a former member's rights to future benefits. However, returning members who previously received a refund of their contributions may reinstate their service through repayment of the refund upon satisfaction of certain requirements.

Member Contributions

Mandatory member contributions were phased out between 1974 and 1977, with the plan remaining noncontributory until January 1, 1987, when the Member Investment Plan (MIP) was enacted. MIP members enrolled prior to January 1, 1990, contribute at a permanently fixed rate of 3.9% of gross wages. The MIP contribution rate was 4.0% from January 1, 1987, the effective date of the MIP, until January 1, 1990, when it was reduced to 3.9%. Members first hired between January 1, 1990 and June 30, 2008, and returning members who did not work between January 1, 1987, through December 31, 1989, contribute at the following graduated permanently fixed contribution rates: 3% of the first \$5,000; 3.6% of \$5,001 through \$15,000; 4.3% of all wages over \$15,000. Members first hired July 1, 2008, or later including Pension Plus Plan members, contribute at the following graduated permanently fixed contribution rates: 3% of the first \$5,000; 3.6% of \$5,001 through \$15,000; 6.4% of all wages over \$15,000.

Basic Plan members make no contributions. For a limited period ending December 31, 1992, an active Basic Plan member could enroll in the MIP by paying the contributions that would have been made had enrollment occurred initially on January 1, 1987, or on the date of hire, plus interest. MIP contributions at the rate of 3.9% of gross wages begin at enrollment. Actuarial rate of interest is posted to member accounts on July 1st on all MIP monies on deposit for 12 months. If a member leaves public school service and no pension is payable, the member's accumulated contributions plus interest, if any, are refundable.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, eligible members voluntarily chose between increasing, maintaining, or stopping their contributions to the pension fund as of the transition date. Their options are described in detail under Pension Reform 2012 beginning on page 23. Members who elected to increase their level of contribution contribute 4% (Basic Plan) or 7% (MIP); by doing so they maintain a 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. Members who elected to maintain their level of contribution will receive a 1.25% pension factor in their pension formula for their years of service as of their transition date. Their contribution rates are described above. Members who elected to stop their contributions became participants in the Defined Contribution plan as of their transition date.

Employer Contributions

Each school district or reporting entity is required to contribute the full actuarial funding contribution amount to fund pension benefits.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The System's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions from the employers are recognized as revenue when due and payable. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the System. The reserves are described below and details are provided in the supporting schedules.

GASB Statement No. 67, which was adopted during the year ended September 30, 2014, addresses accounting and financial reporting requirements for pension plans. The requirements for GASB Statement No. 67 require changes in presentation of the financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and required supplementary information.

Significant changes include an actuarial calculation of total and net pension liability. It also includes comprehensive footnote disclosure regarding the pension liability, the sensitivity of the net pension liability to the discount rate, and increased investment activity disclosures. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 67 did not significantly impact the accounting for accounts receivable and investment balances.

Reserves

Reserve for Employee Contributions - This reserve represents active member contributions and interest less amounts transferred to the Reserve for Retired Benefit Payments for regular and disability retirement, amounts refunded to terminated members, and amounts transferred to the Reserve for Employer Contributions representing unclaimed funds.

Members no longer contribute to this reserve except to purchase eligible service credit or repay previously refunded contributions. At September 30, 2014, the balance in this reserve was \$1.5 billion for the plan as a whole.

Reserve for Pension Plus Employee Contributions - This reserve represents active member contributions and interest less amounts transferred to the Reserve for Pension Plus Retired Benefit Payments for regular retirement, amounts refunded to terminated members, and amounts transferred to the Reserve for Pension Plus Employer Contributions representing unclaimed funds. This reserve was established under the provisions of Public Act 75 of 2010. At September 30, 2014, the balance in this reserve was \$59.5 million for the plan as a whole.

Reserve for Member Investment Plan - This reserve represents MIP contributions and interest less refunds and transfers to the Reserve for Retired Benefit Payments. At September 30, 2014, the balance in this reserve was \$4.7 billion for the plan as a whole.

Reserve for Employer Contributions - This reserve represents all reporting unit contributions, except payments for health benefits. Interest from the Reserve for Undistributed Investment Income reserve is credited annually. Amounts are transferred annually to the Reserve for Retired Benefit Payments to bring the balance of that reserve into balance with the actuarial present value of retirement allowances. At September 30, 2014, the balance in this reserve was (\$25.8) billion for the plan as a whole.

Reserve for Pension Plus Employer Contributions - This reserve represents all reporting unit contributions for Pension Plus members, except payments for health benefits. Interest from the Reserve for Undistributed Investment Income reserve is credited annually at a rate of 7%. Amounts are transferred annually to the Reserve for Retired Pension Plus Benefit Payments to bring the balance of that reserve into balance with the actuarial present value of retirement allowances. This reserve was established under the provisions of Public Act 75 of 2010. At September 30, 2014, the balance in this reserve was \$55.5 million for the plan as a whole.

Reserve for Retired Benefit Payments - This reserve represents payments of future retirement benefits to current retirees. At retirement, a member's accumulated contributions plus interest are transferred into this reserve. Monthly benefits, which are paid to the retiree, reduce this reserve. At the end of each fiscal year, an amount, determined by an annual actuarial valuation, is transferred from the Reserve for Employer Contributions to bring the balance of this reserve into balance with the actuarial present value of retirement allowances. At September 30, 2014, the balance in this reserve was \$44.6 billion for the plan as a whole.

Reserve for Retired Pension Plus Benefit Payments - This reserve represents payments of future retirement benefits to current Pension Plus retirees. At retirement, a member's accumulated contributions plus interest are transferred into this reserve. Monthly benefits, which are paid to the retiree, reduce this reserve. At the end of each fiscal year, an amount, determined by an annual actuarial valuation, is transferred from the Reserve for Pension Plus Employer Contributions to bring the balance of this reserve into balance with the actuarial present value of retirement allowances. This reserve was established under the provisions of Public Act 75 of 2010. Currently, there are no participants qualified to retire under this program. At September 30, 2014, the balance in this reserve was \$0 for the plan as a whole.

Reserve for Undistributed Investment Income - This reserve represents all investment earnings. Interest is transferred annually to the other reserves. Administrative expenses of the System are paid from the Reserve for Administrative Expenses, which is credited with amounts from the Reserve for Undistributed Investment Income to cover the expenses. For ease of reporting and understanding, the two reserves are presented as one reserve in the supporting schedules. Public Act 143 of 1997 established a stabilization subaccount within the Reserve for Undistributed Investment Income to which any over funding is credited. As of September 30, 2014, the balance in the subaccount was zero. At September 30, 2014, the balance in this reserve was \$18.6 billion for the plan as a whole.

Reserve for Health (OPEB) Related Benefits - This reserve is credited with employee and employer contributions for retirees' health, dental, and vision benefits. Starting in fiscal year 2013, the employer contribution is based on a prefunded basis and represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liability (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. In addition, in fiscal year 2014, federal funding for Medicare Part D and Employer Group Waiver Plan (EGWP) was paid directly to a third party vendor. The third party vendor uses the EGWP funding for any claims submitted and bills the system for any remaining claims outstanding. Premiums for health, dental and vision benefits are paid from this reserve. At September 30, 2014, the balance in this reserve was \$3.5 billion for the plan as a whole.

Reporting Entity

The System is a pension and other employee benefit trust fund of the State. As such, the System is considered part of the State and is included in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report as a pension and other employee benefit trust fund. The System and its Board are not financially accountable for any other entities or other organizations. Accordingly, the System is the only entity included in this financial report.

Benefit Protection

Public Act 100 of 2002 was passed by the Michigan Legislature to protect pension benefits of public employees from alienation (being transferred). Alienation is attachment, garnishment, levy, execution, bankruptcy or other legal process except for divorce orders or eligible domestic relation orders. The statutes governing the System contained an "antialienation" clause to provide for this protection; however, many smaller public pension systems did not have the benefit of this protection. Therefore, Public Act 100 of 2002 was passed to establish legal protection of pension assets that encompasses all public employees.

Fair Value of Investments

Plan investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Corporate bonds not traded on a national or international exchange are based on equivalent values of comparable securities with similar yield and risk. The fair value of private investments is based on the net asset value reported in the financial statements of the respective investment entity. The net asset value is determined in accordance with governing documents of the investment entity, and is subject to an independent annual audit. Securities purchased with cash collateral under securities lending activities are recorded at estimated fair value. Other investments not having an established market are recorded at estimated fair value.

Investment Income

Dividend and interest income is recognized on the accrual basis. Fair value changes are recorded as investment income or loss. Purchases and sales of investments are recorded as of the trade date (the date upon which the transaction is initiated), except for purchase and sale of mortgages, real estate, and alternative investments which are recorded as of the settlement date (the date upon which the transaction is ultimately completed). The effect of recording such transactions as of the settlement date does not materially affect the financial statements.

Costs of Administering the System

Each year a restricted general fund appropriation is requested to fund the on-going business operations of the System. These administrative costs are ultimately funded by the System through the regular transfer of funds from the System to the State's general fund based on either a direct cost or allocation basis depending on the nature of the expense. Costs of administering the System are financed by undistributed investment income of the System.

Property and Equipment

Office space is leased from the State on a year to year basis. Office equipment is capitalized if the value exceeds \$5,000. These assets are recorded at cost and are reported net of depreciation in the Statement of Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Such assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over 10 years. As of September 30, 1998, all capitalized equipment was fully depreciated. No additional equipment has been capitalized for the System since that date.

Related Party Transactions

Leases and Services - The System leases operating space and purchases certain administrative, data processing, legal and investment services from the State. The space and services are not otherwise available by competitive bid. The schedule below summarizes costs incurred by the System for such services.

Cash - At September 30, 2014, the System had \$246.7 million in a common cash investment pool maintained for various State operating funds. The participating funds in the common cash pool earn interest at various rates depending upon prevailing short-term interest rates. Earnings from these activities amounted to (\$0.6) thousand for the year ended September 30, 2014.

Contributions and Funding Status

The majority of the members currently participate on a contributory basis, as described above under "Benefits Provided." Reporting units are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of members and retiree Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB). Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. For retirement and OPEB benefits, the unfunded(overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of the September 30, 2014 valuation will be amortized over a 22 year period for the 2014 fiscal year. The schedule below summarizes pension contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2014.

Pension Contribution Rates

Benefit Structure	Member	Employer
Basic	0.0 - 4.0 %	18.34 - 19.61 %
Member Investment Plan	3.0 - 7.0	18.34 - 19.61
Pension Plus	3.0 - 6.4	18.11
Defined Contribution	0.0	15.44 - 16.61

The System may reconcile with actuarial requirements annually. If the system reconciles in a year, any funding excess or deficiency for pension benefits is smoothed over a maximum of 5 years, with at least one-fifth (20%) of the funding excess or deficiency included in the subsequent year's contribution. This payment is not recognized as a payable or receivable in the accounting records. If the System does not reconcile in a year, any funding excess or deficiency for pension benefits is accounted for in subsequent required contributions over the remaining amortization period. For fiscal year 2014, the System did not reconcile.

In May 1996, the Internal Revenue Service issued a private letter ruling allowing the System's members to purchase service credit and repay refunds using tax-deferred (pre-tax) dollars. The program was implemented in fiscal year 1998, and payments began in fiscal year 1999.

The program allows members to purchase service credit and repay refunds on a tax-deferred basis. Members sign an irrevocable agreement that identifies the contract duration, monthly payment, total contract amount and years of service credit being purchased. The duration of the contract can range from 1 to 20 years. The amounts are withheld from members' paychecks and are treated as employer pick-up contributions pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 414(h). At September 30, 2014, there were 16,503 agreements for the plan as a whole. The agreements were discounted using the assumed actuarial rate of return of 8% for September 30, 2014. The average remaining length of a contract was approximately 6.0 years for 2014. The short-term receivable was \$29.7 million and the discounted long-term receivable was \$83.6 million at September 30, 2014 for the plan as a whole.

The plan's net pension liability is to be measured as the total pension liability, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. In actuarial terms, this will be the accrued liability less the market value of assets (not the smoothed actuarial value of assets that is often encountered in actuarial valuations performed to determine the employer's contribution requirement).

MPSERS (Plan) Net Pension Liability

As of September 30, 2014

Total Pension Liability	\$ 65,160,887,182
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 43,134,384,072
Net Pension Liability	\$ 22,026,503,110
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	66.20%
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	250.11%

Year 1 MPSERS GASB 68 implementation recognizes a 0.00% change in the reporting unit's proportionate share between beginning net pension liability and ending net pension liability.

MPSERS (Plan) Net Pension Liability

As of October 1, 2013

Total Pension Liability	\$ 62,859,499,994
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 39,427,686,072
Net Pension Liability	\$ 23,431,813,922

Proportionate Share of Reporting Unit's Net Pension Liability

At September 30, 2014, the Reporting Unit reported a liability of \$22,134,885 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 30, 2013. The Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on statutorily required contributions in relation to all reporting units' statutorily required contributions for the measurement period. At September 30, 2014, the Reporting Unit's proportionate share percent was 0.10049 percent.

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2014, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity Pools	28.0 %	4.8 %
Alternative Investment Pools	18.0	8.5
International Equity	16.0	6.1
Fixed Income Pools	10.5	1.5
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.0	5.3
Absolute Return Pools	15.5	6.3
Short Term Investment Pools	2.0	(0.2)
Total	100.0	

^{*}Long term rate of return does not include 2.5% inflation

Rate of Return

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan

investment, net of pension plan investment expense, was 12.58%. The money weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount Rate

A discount rate of 8.0% was used to measure the total pension liability (7.0% for the Pension Plus plan, a hybrid plan). This discount rate was based on the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 8.0% (7.0% for the Pension Plus plan). The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

As required by GASB Statement No. 68, the following presents the reporting unit's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using a discount rate of 8.0% (7.0% for the Pension Plus Plan), as well as what the reporting unit's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

1% Decrease	Current Single Discount Rate Assumption	1% Increase
(Non-Hybrid/Hybrid)*	(Non-Hybrid/Hybrid)*	(Non-Hybrid/Hybrid)*
7.0% / 6.0%	8.0% / 7.0%	9.0% / 8.0%
\$29,182,918	\$22,134,885	\$16,196,812

Timing of the Valuation

An actuarial valuation to determine the total pension liability is required to be performed every year. If the actuarial valuation is not calculated as of the plan's fiscal year end, the total pension liability is required to be rolled forward from the actuarial valuation date to the pension plan's fiscal year end.

The total pension liability as of September 30, 2014, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2013, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures.

Actuarial Valuations and Assumptions

Actuarial valuations for the pension plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions (ARC) are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

Actuarial Assumptions

Wage Inflation Rate: 3.5%

Investment Rate of Return

MIP and Basic Plans (Non-Hybrid): 8.0%Pension Plus Plan (Hybrid): 7.0%

Projected Salary Increases: 3.5 - 12.3%, including wage inflation at 3.5% Cost-of-Living Pension Adjustments: 3% Annual Non-Compounded for MIP Members

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate: 8.5% Year 1 graded to 3.5% Year 12

Mortality:

RP-2000 Male and Female Combined Healthy Life Mortality Tables, adjusted for mortality improvements to 2025 using projection scale BB. For retirees, 100% of the table rates were used. For active members, 80% of the table rates were used for males and 70% of the table rates were used for females.

Notes:

- Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the periods 2007 through 2012 have been
 adopted by the System for use in the annual pension valuations beginning with the September 30, 2014
 valuation. The total pension liability as of September 30, 2014, is based on the results of an actuarial
 valuation date of September 30, 2013, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures,
 including the experience study.
- Recognition period for liabilities is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees in years: 4.8457
- Recognition period for assets in years is 5.0000
- Full actuarial assumptions are available in the 2014 MPSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the Reporting Unit recognized total pension expense of \$1,402,271. At June 30, 2015, the Reporting Unit reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -
Changes of assumptions	816,730
Net difference between projected and actual earnings	
on pension plan investments	(2,447,020)
Changes in proportion and differences between Reporting	
Unit contributions and proportionate share of contributions	65
Total Deferred Inflow – retirement plan activity – net of amortization	\$(1,630,22 <u>5</u>)

Deferred Outflows of Resources

Reporting Unit retirement contributions subsequent to the measurement date \$1,556,120*

*This amount, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Reporting Unit contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Deferred (Inflows) and Deferred Outflows of Resources by Year (to Be Recognized in Future Pension Expenses)

Amount:
\$(399,363)
(399,363)
(399,363)
(432,136)

Other Postemployment Benefits

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, is currently funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it will be funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, hearing, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree health care recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP-Graded plan members), the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008, (MIP-Plus plan members), have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date.

Public Act 75 of 2010 requires each actively employed member of MPSERS after June 30, 2010 to annually contribute 3% of their compensation to offset employer contributions for health care benefits of current retirees. Dependents are eligible for health care coverage if they meet the dependency requirements set forth in Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended.

The District is not responsible for the payment of retirement or post-retirement benefits which is the responsibility of the State of Michigan.

Note 15 - Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. Settled claims for the commercial insurance, if any, have not exceeded the amount of coverage in any of the past three years. There was no reduction in coverage obtained through commercial insurance during the past year.

Note 16 - Joint Venture

During the year ended June 30, 1999 the District elected to join the Middle Michigan Network for Educational Telecommunications (MMNET). As a member of MMNET, the District was required to purchase a 12.5% undivided interest in various communication equipment and services. Gratiot-Isabella RESD is the administrative agent for MMNET. Information regarding the purchase of equipment and services is shown in the above notes.

The MMNET Consortium was established by a previously approved inter-local Consortium Agreement among the following entities: Beal City Public Schools, Breckenridge Community Schools, Clinton County RESA, Central Montcalm Public Schools, DeWitt Public Schools, Fulton Schools, Gratiot-Isabella RESD, Ovid-Elsie Area Schools, and St. Johns Public Schools. The purpose of MMNET is to provide for interactive voice/video/data interconnections and services required for, or useful in, the instruction and training of students and other persons utilizing the participants services, the conducting of research, or the administrative operations of the participants; and to enable the participants to cooperatively share their resources for the ownership, financing, installation, administration and operation of MMNET.

Requests for additional financial information relating to MMNET should be addressed to:

Gratiot-Isabella RESD Business Office 1131 E. Center Street, P.O. Box 310 Ithaca, MI 48847-0310

NOTE 17 - RELATED PARTIES

Gratiot-Isabella Regional Education Service District (GIRESD) is serving as the fiscal agent of MMNet. There is no agreement between GIRESD and MMNet for these services. GIRESD has been given control and authority over the day-to-day engineering, acquisition, installation, and management of MMNet. Expenses paid to MMNet included \$7,259 to maintain the fiber network and the CIPA filter. Revenues received from MMNET include \$169,418 for technology staff to maintain and operate the fiber network, servers, and filter, and \$44,000 for business services, insurance, and use of facilities.

NOTE 18 - RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

As of June 30, 2015, the beginning net position was restated as follows:

Net position on June 30, 2014 as previously reported\$ 12,937,719Amount of restatement(22,367,420)Net position on June 30, 2014 as restated\$ 9,429,701

The beginning net position was restated to reflect the implementation of GASB 68. Net position was restated by \$(22,367,420) which is the cumulative difference as of June 30, 2014 between the net pension liability of \$(23,532,823) and the deferred outflow – retirement contributions of \$1,165,403. Note 14 – Employee Retirement System contains additional information regarding the implementation of GASB 68.

Required Supplemental Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedules

And

Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System Prospective 10-year trend information



Gratiot-Isabella Regional Education Service District Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budgeted	Amo	unts		tual Over ider) Final
	Original		Final	Actual	 Budget
Revenues	 				
Local sources	\$ 946,060	\$	993,635	\$ 1,008,671	\$ 15,036
State sources	1,289,289		1,464,673	1,484,667	19,994
Fededral sources	-		5,687	5,687	-
Other sources	 520,000		681,506	 697,743	 16,237
Total revenues	2,755,349		3,145,501	 3,196,768	51,267
Expenditures					
Support services					
Pupil	90,500		78,777	86,348	(7,571)
Instructional staff	564,407		649,073	586,652	62,421
General administration	471,613		473,461	424,336	49,125
Business	974,651		1,012,631	975,321	37,310
Operation and maintenance	191,560		307,422	291,965	15,457
Central	752,439		767,134	766,634	500
Total expenditures	3,045,170		3,288,498	3,131,256	157,242
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(289,821)		(142,997)	65,512	208,509
Other financing sources (uses)					
Operating transfers in	897,000		942,062	863,187	(78,875)
Operating transfers (out)	 (532,500)		(883,625)	(880,375)	 3,250
Net change in fund balance	74,679		(84,560)	48,324	132,884
Fund balance - beginning	 2,496,550		2,496,550	 2,496,550	
Fund balance - ending	\$ 2,571,229	\$	2,411,990	\$ 2,544,874	\$ 132,884

Gratiot-Isabella Regional Education Service District Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the Special Education Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts						tual Over nder) Final	
Barrana		Original		Final		Actual		Budget
Revenues Local sources	\$	11,053,900	\$	11,256,192	\$	11,433,812	\$	177,620
State sources	φ	4,902,293	φ	4,623,662	φ	4,627,226	φ	3,564
Federal sources		3,763,555		3,667,694		3,282,270		(385,424)
Other sources		230,974		351,058		318,497		(32,561)
								(=,==,
Total revenues		19,950,722		19,898,606		19,661,805		(236,801)
Expenditures								
Instruction								
Added needs		6,368,124		6,674,737		6,694,019		(19,282)
Total instruction		6,368,124		6,674,737		6,694,019		(19,282)
Support services								
Pupil		5,141,510		5,261,972		5,033,742		228,230
Instructional staff		12,507		10,107		8,690		1,417
General administration		342,824		301,243		304,685		(3,442)
School administration		677,132		708,407		713,211		(4,804)
Business		410,363		236,838		198,398		38,440
Operation and maintenance		235,158		252,575		233,933		18,642
Pupil transportation		2,529,000		2,613,200		2,604,624		8,576
Central		150,924		126,713		125,632		1,081
Total support services		9,499,418		9,511,055		9,222,915		288,140
Other		3,720,005		3,610,510		3,600,121		10,389
Total expenditures		19,587,547		19,796,302		19,517,055		279,247
Revenues over (under) expenditures		363,175		102,304		144,750		42,446
Other financing sources (uses)								
Operating transfers in		148,000		438,000		438,000		-
Operating transfers (out)		(855,354)		(838,142)		(801,524)	-	36,618
Net change in fund balance		(344,179)		(297,838)		(218,774)		79,064
Fund balance - beginning		4,283,134		4,283,134		4,283,134		<u>-</u>
Fund balance - ending	\$	3,938,955	\$	3,985,296	\$	4,064,360	\$	79,064

Gratiot-Isabella Regional Education Service District Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the Vocational Education Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual		Actual Over (Under) Final Budget			
Revenues								
Local sources	\$	2,630,200	\$	2,560,951	\$	2,569,621	\$	8,670
State sources				18,383		14,750		(3,633)
				<u> </u>				, ,
Total revenues		2,630,200		2,579,334		2,584,371		5,037
		, ,		, , ,				
Expenditures								
Support services								
Instructional Staff		180,116		187,617		183,252		4,365
General administration		5,000		2,000		4,006		(2,006)
Business		20,100		10,100		4,442		5,658
Dusiness		20,100		10,100		4,442		3,030
Total support services		205,216		199,717		191,700		8,017
Total support services		203,210		199,717		191,700		0,017
Other		2,300,000		2,711,897		2,391,717		320,180
Site acquisition		2,300,000		58,000		58,000		320,100
Site acquisition		<u>-</u>		36,000		36,000		
Total avpanditures		2 505 216		2.060.614		2 641 417		220 107
Total expenditures		2,505,216		2,969,614		2,641,417		328,197
Devenues ever (under) expenditures		124 004		(200, 200)		(F7.046)		222 224
Revenues over (under) expenditures		124,984		(390,280)		(57,046)		333,234
Fund halance hasinning		40E 270		40E 270		40E 270		
Fund balance - beginning		495,378		495,378		495,378		<u> </u>
Fund halance anding	¢	620, 202	φ	10F 000	ď	420 222	¢	222 224
Fund balance - ending	\$	620,362	\$	105,098	\$	438,332	\$	333,234

Gratiot-Isabella Regional Education Service District Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the Cooperative Education Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts					tual Over nder) Final		
_		Original		Final		Actual		Budget
Revenues	•		•		•		•	
Local sources	\$	797,259	\$	798,058	\$	1,034,037	\$	235,979
Non-educational entity or political subdivision		-		10,200		8,784		(1,416)
State sources		319,171		340,480		321,566		(18,914)
Federal sources		607,408		341,398		349,171		7,773
Other sources		209,178		203,178		208,356		5,178
Total revenues		1,933,016		1,693,314		1,921,914		228,600
Expenditures								
Instruction		40.0==						
Adult / continuing education		40,055						
Total instruction		40,055						
Support services								
Pupil		337,867		328,645		340,595		(11,950)
Instructional staff		167,756		249,336		231,447		17,889
Business		7,000		6,600		6,600		-
Operation and maintenance		532,440		852,025		863,424		(11,399)
Central		361,402		288,726		289,277		(551)
Total support services		1,406,465		1,725,332		1,731,343		(6,011)
Community services		408,082		198,994		201,245		(2,251)
Other		243,000		239,174		234,838		4,336
Total expenditures		2,097,602		2,163,500		2,167,426		(3,926)
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(164,586)		(470,186)		(245,512)		224,674
Other financing sources (uses)								
Operating transfers in		384,500		494,625		392,375		(102,250)
Operating transfers (out)		(349,689)		(372,823)		(273,217)		99,606
Net change in fund balance		(129,775)		(348,384)		(126,354)		222,030
Fund balance - beginning		1,821,729		1,821,729		1,821,729		
Fund balance - ending	\$	1,691,954	\$	1,473,345	\$	1,695,375	\$	222,030

Gratiot-Isabella Regional Education Service District Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the Funded Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual		Actual Over (Under) Final Budget	
Revenues						
Local sources	\$	-	\$ 20	\$ 26	\$	6
Federal sources		962,412	1,632,866	1,410,513		(222,353)
Total revenues		962,412	1,632,886	1,410,539		(222,347)
Expenditures						
Business			20	63		(43)
Central		93	322	367		(45)
Community services		909,990	1,558,624	1,371,705		186,919 [°]
Total expenditures		910,083	1,558,966	1,372,135		186,831
Revenues over (under) expenditures		52,329	73,920	38,404		(35,516)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Operating transfers (out)		(52,329)	(73,920)	(38,446)		35,474
Net change in fund balance		-	-	(42)		(42)
Fund balance - beginning		6,161	6,161	6,161		
Fund balance - ending	\$	6,161	\$ 6,161	\$ 6,119	\$	(42)

Gratiot-Isabella Regional Education Service District Required Supplemental Information Michigan Public School Employees Retirement Plan Prospective 10-year trend information

Schedule of the Reporting Unit's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	s	Plan year Sept 30, 2014
Reporting unit's proportion of net pension liability (%)		0.10049%
Reporting unit's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$	22,134,885
Reporting unit's covered employee payroll	\$	8,546,653
Reporting unit's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of its covered		
employee payroll (%)		259.0%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		66.2%

Note: Amounts were determined as of 9/30 of each fiscal year.

	F	iscal year
Schedule of the Reporting Unit's Contributions	Ju	ne 30, 2015
Statutorily required contributions	\$	1,951,434
Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions	_ \$	1,951,434
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-
Reporting unit's covered-employee payroll	\$	8,972,446
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		21.7%

Note: Amounts were determined as of 6/30 of each year.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Changes of benefit terms: There were no changes of benefit terms
Changes of assumptions: There were no changes of benefit assumptions

Other Supplemental Information



Gratiot-Isabella Regional Education Service District General Fund Statement of Revenues For the Years Ended June 30, 2015

Local sources		
Property taxes	\$	677,642
Interest	•	2,093
Other local revenues		328,936
Total local sources		1,008,671
State sources		
Unrestricted		
Section 81		714,500
Renaissance zone		1,163
Restricted		
Section 147c - retirement		750,041
Technology infrastructure		2,060
Technology infrastructure - payments from other schools		16,903
Total state sources		1,484,667
Federal Sources		
Restricted		
Title I regional assistance		5,687
Total federal sources		5,687
Other financing sources		
Other sources		697,743
Transfers from other funds		863,187
Total other financing sources		1,560,930
Total general fund revenues and		
other financing sources	\$	4,059,955

Attendance \$ 49,459 Employee benefits 25,971 Purchased services 10,628 Supplies and materials 230 Supplies and materials 60 Total pupil 86,348 Instructional staff 200,775 Curriculum coordinator 297,624 Salaries 297,624 Employee benefits 200,775 Purchased services 80,771 Supplies and materials 530 Other 6,952 Total instructional staff 586,652 General administration 586,652 General administration 72,375 Total board of education 72,375 Executive administration 202,743 Employee benefits 112,276 Purchased services 15,774 Supplies and materials 5,445 Other 15,773 Total executive administration 351,961 Total general administration 351,961	Support services Pupil	
Employee benefits 25,971 Purchased services 10,628 Supplies and materials 230 Supplies and materials 60 Total pupil 86,348 Instructional staff 20,775 Curriculum coordinator 297,624 Salaries 200,775 Purchased services 80,771 Supplies and materials 530 Other 6,952 Total instructional staff 586,652 General administration 80,775 Board of education 72,375 Total board of education 72,375 Executive administration 202,743 Employee benefits 112,276 Purchased services 15,774 Supplies and materials 5,445 Other 15,773 Total executive administration 351,961		
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Supplies and materials 230 Supplies and materials 60 Total pupil 86,348 Instructional staff 200,775 Curriculum coordinator 297,624 Employee benefits 200,775 Purchased services 80,771 Supplies and materials 530 Other 6,952 Total instructional staff 586,652 General administration 586,652 General administration 72,375 Total board of education 72,375 Executive administration 202,743 Employee benefits 112,276 Purchased services 15,774 Supplies and materials 5,445 Other 15,723 Total executive administration 351,961		·
Supplies and materials 60 Total pupil 86,348 Instructional staff 200,775 Curriculum coordinator 297,624 Salaries 290,775 Employee benefits 200,775 Purchased services 80,771 Supplies and materials 530 Other 6,952 Total instructional staff 586,652 General administration 86,652 General administration 72,375 Total board of education 72,375 Executive administration 202,743 Exployee benefits 112,276 Purchased services 15,774 Supplies and materials 5,445 Other 15,723 Total executive administration 351,961		
Total pupil 86,348 Instructional staff 207,624 Curriculum coordinator 297,624 Salaries 297,624 Employee benefits 200,775 Purchased services 80,771 Supplies and materials 530 Other 6,952 Total instructional staff 586,652 General administration 586,652 General administration 72,375 Total board of education 72,375 Executive administration 321 Salaries 202,743 Employee benefits 112,276 Purchased services 15,774 Supplies and materials 5,445 Other 15,723 Total executive administration 351,961		
Instructional staff Curriculum coordinator Salaries 297,624 Employee benefits 200,775 Purchased services 80,771 Supplies and materials 530 Other 6,952 Total instructional staff 586,652 General administration 80ard of education Purchased services 72,375 Total board of education 72,375 Executive administration 38laries 202,743 Employee benefits 112,276 Purchased services 15,774 Supplies and materials 5,445 Other 15,723 Total executive administration 351,961	Supplies and materials	60
Curriculum coordinator 297,624 Employee benefits 200,775 Purchased services 80,771 Supplies and materials 530 Other 6,952 Total instructional staff 586,652 General administration 80,771 Board of education 72,375 Total board of education 72,375 Executive administration 202,743 Employee benefits 112,276 Purchased services 15,774 Supplies and materials 5,445 Other 15,723 Total executive administration 351,961	Total pupil	86,348
Salaries 297,624 Employee benefits 200,775 Purchased services 80,771 Supplies and materials 530 Other 6,952 Total instructional staff 586,652 General administration 80,652 Board of education 72,375 Total board of education 72,375 Executive administration 31,275 Salaries 202,743 Employee benefits 112,276 Purchased services 15,774 Supplies and materials 5,445 Other 15,723 Total executive administration 351,961	Instructional staff	
Employee benefits 200,775 Purchased services 80,771 Supplies and materials 530 Other 6,952 Total instructional staff 586,652 General administration 80ard of education Purchased services 72,375 Total board of education 72,375 Executive administration 302,743 Employee benefits 112,276 Purchased services 15,774 Supplies and materials 5,445 Other 15,723 Total executive administration 351,961	Curriculum coordinator	
Purchased services 80,771 Supplies and materials 530 Other 6,952 Total instructional staff 586,652 General administration	Salaries	297,624
Supplies and materials 530 Other 6,952 Total instructional staff 586,652 General administration Board of education Purchased services 72,375 Total board of education 72,375 Executive administration 202,743 Salaries 202,743 Employee benefits 112,276 Purchased services 15,774 Supplies and materials 5,445 Other 15,723 Total executive administration 351,961	Employee benefits	200,775
Other 6,952 Total instructional staff 586,652 General administration 2 Board of education 72,375 Total board of education 72,375 Executive administration 202,743 Salaries 202,743 Employee benefits 112,276 Purchased services 15,774 Supplies and materials 5,445 Other 15,723 Total executive administration 351,961	Purchased services	80,771
Total instructional staff 586,652 General administration 202,375 Purchased services 72,375 Total board of education 72,375 Executive administration 202,743 Salaries 202,743 Employee benefits 112,276 Purchased services 15,774 Supplies and materials 5,445 Other 15,723 Total executive administration 351,961	Supplies and materials	530
General administration Board of education Purchased services 72,375 Total board of education 72,375 Executive administration 202,743 Employee benefits 112,276 Purchased services 15,774 Supplies and materials 5,445 Other 15,723 Total executive administration 351,961	Other	6,952
Board of education 72,375 Total board of education 72,375 Executive administration 202,743 Employee benefits 112,276 Purchased services 15,774 Supplies and materials 5,445 Other 15,723 Total executive administration 351,961	Total instructional staff	586,652
Purchased services 72,375 Total board of education 72,375 Executive administration 202,743 Salaries 202,743 Employee benefits 112,276 Purchased services 15,774 Supplies and materials 5,445 Other 15,723 Total executive administration 351,961	General administration	
Total board of education 72,375 Executive administration Salaries 202,743 Employee benefits 112,276 Purchased services 15,774 Supplies and materials 5,445 Other 15,723 Total executive administration 351,961	Board of education	
Executive administration Salaries Employee benefits Purchased services Supplies and materials Other Total executive administration 202,743 112,276 112,276 15,774 15,774 15,723	Purchased services	72,375
Salaries 202,743 Employee benefits 112,276 Purchased services 15,774 Supplies and materials 5,445 Other 15,723 Total executive administration 351,961	Total board of education	72,375
Employee benefits 112,276 Purchased services 15,774 Supplies and materials 5,445 Other 15,723 Total executive administration 351,961	Executive administration	
Purchased services 15,774 Supplies and materials 5,445 Other 15,723 Total executive administration 351,961	Salaries	202,743
Supplies and materials5,445Other15,723Total executive administration351,961	Employee benefits	112,276
Other 15,723 Total executive administration 351,961	Purchased services	15,774
Other 15,723 Total executive administration 351,961	Supplies and materials	5,445
		15,723_
Total general administration 424,336	Total executive administration	351,961_
	Total general administration	424,336

Support services (continued) General administration (continued) Business	
Fiscal services Salaries	\$ 495,053
	\$ 495,053 312,907
Employee benefits Purchased services	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Other	18,767
Other	1,993
Total fiscal services	828,720
Internal services	
Salaries	46,508
Employee benefits	30,041
Purchased services	6,141
Supplies and materials	45,140
Capital outlay	3,732
Other	13_
Total internal services	131,575
Other business services	
Purchased services	13,469
Other	1,557_
Total other business services	15,026
Total business	975,321
Operations and maintenance	
Salaries	63,652
Employee benefits	49,905
Purchased services	120,984
Supplies and materials	55,442
Supplies and materials	1,982
Total operations and maintenance	291,965
Total operations and maintellance	231,905

Support services (continued) Central	
Staff and personnel services	
Purchased services	\$ 47
Total staff and personnel services	 47
Technology	
Salaries	257,672
Employee benefits	163,927
Purchased services	214,685
Supplies and materials	57,679
Capital outlay	22,762
Other	 10,464
Total data processing	 727,189
Pupil accounting	
Payments to other schools	 39,398
Total pupil accounting	 39,398
Total central	 766,634
Total support services	 3,131,256
Other financing uses	
Operating transfers out	 880,375
Total other financing uses	 880,375
Total expenditures	\$ 4,011,631

Local sources	
Property taxes	\$ 10,356,595
Interest	7,675
Charges for services	1,067,338
Other local revenues	2,204
Total local sources	11,433,812
State sources	
Restricted	
Membership - section 52	1,476,310
Renaissance Zone	18,222
Special education - section 51	2,736,002
Special education - section 53	48,097
Special education - section 56	348,595
Total state sources	4,627,226
Federal sources	
Restricted	
P.L. 94-142 flowthrough	2,920,166
P.L. 94-142 preschool incentive	127,369
P.L. 94-142 state initiated projects - EOSD	50,000
Transition service	58,000
Infant / toddler formula	126,735
Total federal sources	3,282,270
Incoming transfers and other transactions	
Payments from other school districts	318,497
Total incoming transfers and other transactions	318,497
Other financing sources	
Transfers from other funds	438,000
Total other financing sources	438,000
Total revenues	\$ 20,099,805

Instruction Added needs Special education instruction	
Salaries	\$ 3,346,129
Employee benefits	2,387,394
Purchased services	171,167
Supplies and materials	52,711
Payments to other schools for services	736,618
Total special education instruction	6,694,019
Total added needs	6,694,019
Support services	
Pupil services	
Guidance Services	
Salaries	64,911
Employee benefits	38,787
Purchased services	7,200
Supplies and materials	1,297
Total health services	112,195
Health services	
Salaries	750,495
Employee benefits	465,434
Purchased services	65,135
Supplies and materials	30,121
Total health services	1,311,185
Psychological services	
Salaries	388,853
Employee benefits	216,493
Purchased services	35,049
Supplies and materials	25,688
Total psychological services	666,083_
Speech pathology services	
Salaries	1,014,554
Employee benefits	624,494
Purchased services	43,807
Supplies and materials	2,501
Payments to other schools for services	23,401
Total speech pathology services	1,708,757

Support services (continued) Pupil services (continued)	
Social worker services	
Salaries	\$ 376,760
Employee benefits	253,602
Purchased services	17,743
Supplies and materials	614
Total social worker services	648,719
Teacher consultant services	
Salaries	217,612
Employee benefits	128,799
Purchased services	75,945
Supplies and materials	321
Total teacher consultant services	422,677
Other pupil services	
Salaries	94,358
Employee benefits	53,655
Purchased services	13,979
Supplies and materials	2,134
Total other pupil services	164,126
Total pupil services	5,033,742
Instructional staff	
Improvement of instruction	
Purchased services	8,690
Total instructional staff	8,690
General administration	
Board of education	
Purchased services	38,990
Other	1,490
Total board of education	40,480

Support services (continued) General administration (continued) Executive administration	
Salaries	\$ 156,609
Employee benefits	101,775
Purchased services	4,095
Supplies and materials	60
Other	1,666
Total executive administration	264,205
Total general administration	304,685
School administration	
Supervision and direction of instructional staff	
Salaries	382,081
Employee benefits	272,477
Purchased services	20,694
Supplies and materials	37,859
Supplies and materials	100
Total school administration	713,211
Business services	
Fiscal services	
Salaries	11,124
Employee benefits	9,300
Employee benefits	61
Total Fiscal services	20,485
Internal services	
Purchased services	6,076
Supplies and materials	17,330
Total internal services	23,406
Other business services	
Purchased services	135,511
Other	18,996
Total other business services	154,507
Total business services	198,398

Support services (continued)		
Operations and maintenance	•	40.407
Salaries	\$	18,107
Employee benefits		13,470
Purchased services		165,728
Supplies and materials		36,628
Total operations and maintenance		233,933
Pupil transportation		
Contracted services		2,603,728
Payments to other schools		896
Total pupil transportation		2,604,624
Central		
Planning, research development and evaluation		
Salaries		29,344
Employee benefits		16,764
Total planning, research development and evaluation		46,108
Staff and personnel services		
Contracted services		2,970
Total staff and personnel services		2,970
Data processing		
Salaries		14,034
Employee benefits		12,050
Purchased services		50,470
Total data processing		76,554
Total central		125,632
Total support services		9,222,915

Payments to other governmental agencies Payments to other schools	\$ 3,600,121
Total payments to other governmental agencies	3,600,121
Other financing uses Operating transfers out	 801,524
Total other financing uses	801,524
Total expenditures	\$ 20,318,579

Gratiot-Isabella Regional Education Service District Vocational Education Statement of Revenues and Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Revenues		
Local sources	Φ	0.505.000
Property taxes	\$	2,565,929
Interest		1,592
Other local revenues		2,100
Total local sources		2,569,621
State sources		
Restricted		
Vocational education administration		14,750
Total state sources		14,750
Total revenues	\$	2,584,371
Expenditures		
Support services		
Instructional staff		
Supervision and direction of instructional staff		
Salaries	\$	105,942
Employee benefits	·	66,174
Purchased services		8,091
Supplies and materials		2,916
Other		129
Total instructional staff		183,252
General administration		
Board of education		
Purchased services		4,006
i dicilased services		4,000
Business services		
Other business services		
Other		4,442
Total support services		191,700
Payments to other governmental agencies		
Payments to other schools		2,391,717
Facilities Acquition		
Site acquisition services		
Capital outlay		58,000
Total expenditures	\$	2,641,417

Local sources	•	050
Interest Charges for comices	\$	258
Charges for services Rentals		815,873
Donations		38,374 56,251
Other local revenues		123,281
Other local revenues	-	123,201
Total local sources		1,034,037
Non-educational entity or political subdivision		
Community Foundation		8,784
Total non-educational entity or political subdivision		8,784
State sources		
Restricted		
First Robotics		4,500
Great start ecic collagerative		215,156
Michigan model health		101,910
Total state sources		321,566
Federal sources		
Unrestricted		
Medicaid		60,270
Restricted		
Nutrition assistance		278,505
Other		10,396
Federal sources		349,171
Incoming transfers and other transactions		
Payments from other schools		208,356
Total incoming transfers and other transactions		208,356
Other financing sources		
Operating transfers in		392,375
Total Consideration and		000.075
Total financing sources		392,375
Total Revenues	\$	2,314,289

Support services Pupil services Other pupil services	
Salaries	\$ 79,644
Employee benefits	53,802
Purchased services	120,166
Supplies and materials	51,136
Other	35,847
Total pupil services	340,595
Instructional staff	
Improvement of instruction	
Purchased services	15,263
Supplies and materials	26,091
Other	27,256
Total improvement of instruction	68,610
Educational media	
Purchased services	3
Payments to other schools	1,030
Total educational media	1,033
Technology assisted instruction	
Purchased services	1,875
Other	4,500
Total technology assisted instruction	6,375
Staff Supervision	
Salaries	87,252
Employee benefits	60,113
Purchased services	8,064
Total educational media	155,429
Total instructional staff	231,447

Support services (continued)	
Business services	
Other business services	Φ 0.000
Purchased services	\$ 6,600
Total business services	6,600
Operations and maintenance	
Salaries	38,773
Employee benefits	24,414
Purchased services	57,899
Supplies and materials	95,709
Capital outlay	646,629
Total operations and maintenance	863,424
Central	
Communication services	
Purchased services	552
Supplies and materials	1,521
Total communication services	2,073
Staff and personnel services	
Purchased services	14,998
Other	570
Total staff and personnel services	15,568
Data processing	
Salaries	101,732
Employee benefits	70,421
Purchased services	14,518
Supplies and materials	50,306
Other	60
Total data processing	237,037

Support services (continued) Central services (continued)	
Pupil activities	
Purchased services	\$ 24,731
Other	9,868
Total pupil activities	34,599
Total central	289,277
Total support services	1,731,343
Community services	
Community recreation	
Purchased services	38,934
Supplies and materials	3,655
Capital outlay	12,058
Other	5,799
Total community recreation	60,446
Community activities	
Salaries	6,440
Employee benefits	3,792
Purchased services	8,552
Supplies and materials	2,384
Other	600
Total community activities	21,768
Other community services	
Salaries	18,251
Employee benefits	8,796
Purchased services	69,899
Supplies and materials	18,847
Other	3,238
Total other community services	119,031
Total community services	201,245

Payments to other governmental agencies Payments to other schools Payments to other governmental entities	\$ 225,505 9,333
Total payments to other governmental agencies	 234,838
Other financing uses Operating transfers out	 273,217
Total other financing uses	 273,217
Total expenditures	 2,440,643

Gratiot-Isabella Regional Education Service District Funded Projects Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures For the Years Ended June 30, 2015

Revenues	
Local sources Interest	\$ 26
Total local sources	26
Federal sources	
Restricted	
Workforce in action - adult	677,226
Workforce in action - dislocated worker	258,421
Employment services/Wagner-Peyser	294,199
Trade adjustment assistance	180,667
Total federal sources	1,410,513
Total revenues	1,410,539
Expenditures	
Business services	
Other business services	
Purchased services	63
Total business services	63
Central	
Staff and personnel services	
Contracted services	367
Total central services	367
Community services	
Employment programs	
Salaries	373,371
Employee benefits	265,608
Purchased services	49,294
Supplies and materials	8,059
Other	675,373
Total community services	1,371,705
Other financing uses	
Operating transfers out	38,446
Total other financing uses	38,446
Total expenditures	\$ 1,410,581

Gratiot-Isabella Regional Education Service District Capital Projects Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures For the Years Ended June 30, 2015

Revenues Local sources Interest	\$ 415
Other financing sources Operating transfers in	300,000
Total revenues	\$ 300,415
Expenditures Outgoing transfers and other transactions Debt service	\$ 84,695
Total expenditures	\$ 84,695

Gratiot-Isabella Regional Education Service District Schedule of Long-Term Debt For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Maturity	Interest		Annual	Interest Due					
Date	Rate (%)	Principal Due		Nov	vember	May		Total	
2009 School Impro	vement Bonds - \$	995,000							
Due October 1,									
2015	0.00%	\$	84,695	\$	-	\$	-	\$	84,695
2016	0.00%		84,695		-		-		84,695
2017	0.00%		84,695		-		-		84,695
2018	0.00%		84,695		-		-		84,695
2019	0.00%		232,745				-		232,745
		\$	571,525	\$	-	\$	-	\$	571,525

The District is to make annual contributions of \$84,695 to a set-aside account. On October 1, 2019, the District is to repay the bond in full from the set-aside deposits and interest earned on those deposits. If the balance in the set-aside account does not equal the principal due, the District shall increase or decrease the account accordingly. This potential adjustment to the set-aside account has been shown as a balloon payment on October 1, 2019 in the table above.